Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



1.96 R312 Cop.1



SOIL CONSERVATION LITERATURE SELECTED CURRENT REFERENCES

V.1 July/August 1937 No. 4

List of Periodicals Currently Received Page 7	71
Periodical Articles	73
Book and Pamphlet Notes Page 8	32
State Publications	36
U.S. Government Publications Page 8	37

Compiled By The Library Staff Of The Soil Conservation Service From Publications Received In The 'United States Department of Agriculture Library, Washington, D.C. The publications listed herein may in most cases be borrowed from the Service Library by members of the Washington and field staffs. For convenience Library call numbers are given after each book and pamphlet entry. These should be included when requesting loans.

V.1

PERIODICALS CURRENTLY RECEIVED IN THE LIBRARY OF THE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

In response to numerous requests periodicals currently received in the Library of the Soil Conservation Service are listed below. Any on the list may be circulated regularly to individuals located in Washington upon application.

Consideration will also be given to applications received from field representatives of the Service if the periodicals desired are not received in near-by Regional Offices.

Agricultural Engineering. monthly.

Agricultural Leaders' Digest. monthly.

American Agriculturist. biweckly.

American Fertilizer. biweckly.

American Forests. monthly.

American Journal of Botany. monthly.

American Journal of Science. monthly.

American Meteorological Society.

Bulletin. monthly.

American Society of Agronomy. Journal.

monthly.

American Society of Civil Engineers.

Traccodings. monthly.

American Wildlife. bimonthly.
Annales Agronomiques. bimonthly.
Auk. quarterly.

Automobile Trade Journal. monthly.

Better Crops With Plant Food. monthly. Breeders: Gazette. monthly.

California Cultivator. biweekly. Capper's Farmor. monthly. Chemical Abstracts. semimonthly. Civil Engineering. monthly. Commercial Car Journal. monthly. Conservation. bimonthly. Country Gentleman. monthly. Country Home. monthly.

Ecology. quarterly. Engineering News Record. weekly.

Farm and Ranch. somimonthly.
Farm Machinery and Equipment. monthly.
Farmer. biweekly.
Farmer-Stockman. semimonthly.
Fortilizer Review. quarterly.
Forestry News Digest. monthly.

Geographical Review. quarterly. Geological Society of America. Bulletin. monthly.

Hoard's Dairyman. semimonthly.

Imperial Bureau of Plant Genetics.

Herbage abstracts. quarterly.

Imperial Bureau of Plant Genetics.

Herbage reviews. quarterly.

Imperial Eureau of Soil Science.

Fublications relating to soils and fertilizers. monthly.

Indiana Farmers' Guide. semimonthly.

Journal of Ecology. Twice a year February and August.

Journal of Farm Economics. quarterly.

Journal of Forestry. monthly.

Journal of Goology. 8 numbers a year.

Journal of Land and Public Utility
Economics. quarterly.

Journal of Sedimentary Petrology.

3 times a year - Apr., Aug., Dec.

Kansas Farmer. biweekly.

Louisiana Conservation Review. quarterly.

Mechanical Engineering. monthly.

Meteorological Magazine. monthly.

Military Engineer. bimonthly.

Hature. weekly. London. Hature Magazine. monthly.

Ohio Farmer. biweekly.
Pennsylvania Farmer. biweekly.
Photogrammetric Engineering.
quarterly.
Prairie Farmer. biweekly.

Ranger. monthly.
Royal Meteorological Society.
Quarterly Journal.

Progressive Farmer. monthly.

Science. weekly.
Scientific Monthly.
Southern Agriculturist.
monthly.

Southern Planter. monthly.
Soviet Subtropics. Russian.
12 numbers a year.
irregularly.

Successful Farming. monthly.

USDA Eurcau of Agricultural Economics Agricultural Economics Literature.
monthly.

USDA Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Agricultural Situation. monthly.

USDA Bureau of Agricultural Engineering. Current Literature in Agricultural Engineering. monthly.

USDA Bureau of Biological Survey. Wild Life Review. bimonthly.

USDA Crops and Markets. monthly.

USDA Office of Experiment Stations. Experiment Station Record. monthly.

USDA Extension Service. Extension Service Review. monthly.

USDA Forest Service. Forestry Current Literature. bimonthly.

USDA Office of Information. Monthly List of Publications.

USDA Journal of Agricultural Research. semimonthly.

USDA Bureau of Plant Industry. Plant Science Literature. weekly.

USDA Bureau of Public Roads. Highways: Current Literature. weekly.

USDA Bureau of Public Roads. Public Roads. monthly.

USDA Library. Agricultural Library Notes. monthly.

USDA Resettlement Administration. Land Policy Circular. monthly.

USDA Soil Conservation Service. Soil Conservation. monthly.

USDA Soil Conservation Service. Soil Conservation Literature: Selected Current References. bimonthly.

USDA Weather Bureau. Monthly Weather Review.

U.S. Dept. of Interior. Office of Indian Affairs. Indians at Work. semi-monthly.

U.S. Library of Congress. Monthly Check-List of State Publications.

U.S. National Resources Committee. Water Resources Committee. Monthly Report on Impending Programs.

U.S. Burcau of Reclamation. Reclamation Era. monthly.

U.S. Supt. of Documents. Monthly Catalog of U.S. Public Documents.

Valley News. 2 or 3 times a year. irregularly.

Wallaces' Farmer. biweekly.
Western Farm Life. semimonthly.
Wisconsin Agriculturist. biweekly.

PERIODICAL ARTICLES

Contour Tillage

Lakin, H.D. Profiting from going crooked. Mich. Farmer 137(13): 423,427, illus. June 19,1937.

"Contour planting is one way that going 'crooked' pays" according to 16 Berrien County fruit growers to whom "goes the credit of striking a new mode in setting orchards in Michigan."

Cover Crops

Vegetable growers use cover crops. Calif.Cult. 84(12): 442. June 5,1937. Use in California.

Dams

Drouth insurance with 1,600 dams. West.Farm Life, June 15,1937, p.10,23,illus. "Hundreds of small water storage dams constructed as projects of the Works Progress Administration in the western states are receiving their first tests this summer.

"Designed to prevent soil erosion, to provide convenient and accessible stock-watering facilities in dry periods, and often to provide irrigation facilities for considerable tracts of land, these dams were built to hold back for the summer sufficient of the winter and spring rainfall runoff to prevent recurrence of what have amounted to disastrous conditions in the past."

Fertilizers

Garrard, H.L. Replace plant food losses in crops. Better Crops With Plant Food 21(8): 12-13,40-41. June-July 1937.

Two "very important considerations from the soil conservation standpoint are (1) just how much plant food is actually required by crops, especially the legumes, and (2) how much is lost from the soil when crops are harvested."

McCollam, M.E. The role of potash in California soils. Better Crops With Plant Food 21 (8): 17-18, 37-39. June-July 1937.

Martin, Jack. Use of fertilizers in erosion control. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. Soil Conserv. Digest 3 (9): 4. June 1937.

Report of results observed on fertilizer tests plots, Las Posas project, Ventura County, California during the 1936-37 season "substantiates the frequently recommended practice of applying fertilizers, particularly the nitrogenous forms, in establishing cover crops and other types of vegetation in erosion control."

Musbach, F.L. Fertilizer response on Colby silt loam. Better Crops With Plant Food 21(8): 6-8,44,illus. June-July 1937.

"While this piece of work has been carried on only a relatively short time (at Marshfield Experiment Station, Wisconsin) it confirms the findings on other work in that phosphorus alone is not a well-balanced fertilizer for this soil type. Under conditions such as prevail on this field, a need for potash is indicated, and quite likely the use of some nitrogen would represent a more nearly balanced mixture for the crops grown in this rotation."

Floods and Flood Control

Bates, C.G. Controlling mad waters. Amer. Forests 43(6):278-281,300,321-322, illus. June 1937.

"In planning flood control it behooves the nation to make use of protection forests where their value is most positive, which is in regions of considerable relief, with heavy soils of great depth or those which overlie formations of sedimentary origin in some degree water-bearing. This can be done on a large scale in the Mississippi Valley without disturbing the economy of agriculture. In all cases forests have some value in protecting soil surfaces, but in many cases the storage capacity for excessive amounts of rainfall does not exist. It is believed these later cases explain the contention of engineers that in great floods the forests have no effect, but they do not justify any such absolute statement."

Brooks, C.F. and Baldwin, H.I. How forests retard floods. Amer. Forests 43(6): 274-277, 316-317, illus. June 1937.

"Ho policy of flood control can neglect to take into account the effect of forests in reducing the amount of water, in the form of rain or snow, that reaches the ground, in reducing the rate of release of water from melting snow, in promoting infiltration, and in obstructing the rate of runoff and conserving soil."

Brossmann, Charles. Flood protection in the Ohio valley. Am. Water Works Assoc. Jour. 29(5): 597-606, map. May, 1937.

Presented before the Indiana Section, American Water Works Association, March, 1937.

"In general the problem seems to resolve itself into three main phases: to hold the water back in the upper reaches of the watershed; to get it away as rapidly as possible in the lower streams; and building levees or retaining walls for the protection of cities to the compromise height made necessary by this work."

Brown, M.H. Traveling soils; an crosion surveyor views the flood zone. Soil Conservation 2(11):253,267-268, illus. May 1937.

A discussion of the investigations of the condition of the farm-lands and urban areas in the flooded zones from Pittsburgh, Pa., to Cairo, Ill.

Conference seeks flood control action. Foresters and engineers strees comprehensive plans for major watersheds at 62nd annual meeting of the American Forestry Association. Amer. Forests 43(7):344-346,354,363-365,illus. July 1937.

Brief excerpts from addresses, proceedings and resolutions passed at meeting held in Cincinnati, Ohio, May 31 to June 3, 1937.

Among resolutions are ones concerning floot entirel, conservation and soil waters.

Cooke, M.L. We can reduce flood destruction. Birdlore 39(2):101-106, illus. March-April 1937.

The author contends that "in order to minimize floods, and at the same time receive the maximum benefits from our water resources, it is essential that we hold as much water as possible on the land where it falls and, by various practices, promote its infiltration to ground-water storage."

Floods and Flood Control, Cont.

- Davis, R.H. Watershed treatment and flood control. Soil Conservation 2(11): 247-250.illus. May 1937.
 - "Flood-control programs which include watershed protection will:
 - 1. Conserve soil and water on the land for useful purposes.
 - 2. Decrease the frequency of minor floods.
 - 3. Diminish the crest of major floods.
 - 4. Roduce sedimentation in reservoirs.
 - 5. Minimize the silting of stream channels.
 - 6. More nearly fulfill the goal of doing the greatest good for the greatest number."

Table shows average annual water and soil losses from cultivated and grass land.

- Decreased forest area contributes to severity of floods in Indiana. Wooded area in state reduced seventy-five percent resulting in more rapid runoff and increased soil erosion. Outdoor Ind.4(2):19,24. March 1937.
- Ellsworth, C.E. Flood flows of Texas rivers. Civil Engin, 7(7):493-496.

 July 1937.
- Hibbs, Ben. Water to the sea, Country Gent. 107(6):7,69-71, illus. June 1937. It is stated that floods are not man-made; they are not caused by the cutting of forests. No reservoirs or basins can be built that are large enough to impound the waters of the Ohio and the Mississippi. Forests and grasslands can't absorb enough rainfall to prevent floods. Erosion consists mostly of moving soils from higher to lower levels. Not much soil runs down the streams.
- Love, S.K. Soil loss in Potomac flood. Engin. News-Rec. 118(25):935. June 24, 1937.

Information with respect to the silt loads and corresponding denudation over a drainage basin, related to one flood on one river, namely, the Potomac River flood in April 1937.

Patrick, A.L. Agriculture's new approach to flood control. Soil Conservation 2(11):245-246,266. May 1937.

A discussion of the coordinated land and water program for flood control authorized by the Orinibus Flood Control Act (Public, 738-74th Congress), passed June 22, 1936.

Pohl, H.H. Ohio river flood control plan. Am. Water Works Assoc. Jour. 29(5): 589-500. May 1937.

Presented before the Indiana Scotion, American Water Works Association, March, 1937.

Zon, R. Woodlands as a control for floods. Canad. Forest and Outdoors 33(4): 102. Apr. 1937.

Grass

Beeler, M.N. Back to buffalo grass. Capper's Farmer 48(6):13,49,illus. June 1937.

Directions for establishing buffalo grass pastures by transplantation.

Grass, Cont.

Booler, M. M. (Cont.)

"In regions where soil blowing may occur, sods may be planted in furrows, and rows may be spaced wide enough apart for planting Sudan grass between them. This will protect the sods from coverage or from blowing out not only during the growing season, but afterward if the grass or a high stubble is left in the field."

Gully Control

Latham, B.M. How Berry gully was conquered. Jour. Geogr. 36(5):193-196, illus. May 1937.

Hydraulics

Kessler, L.H. Results of experiments on hydraulics of drop inlets and other erosion control structures. Agr. Engin. 18(6):253-258, illus. June 1937. Paper presented before the Soil and water conservation division of the American Society of Agricultural Engineers at Chicago, December 4, 1936.

Land Slope

Raisz, Erwin and Henry, Joyce. An average slope map of southern New England. Geogr. Rev. 27(3): 467-472, illus. July 1937.

Describes a map similar to the relative relief map of Ohio by Guy Harold Smith which is said to have called attention in the United States to the problem of defining quantitatively the average slope of the land.

The significance of land slope. Clemson Agr. Col. Dept. Agr. Educ. School of Voc. Educ. Agr. Educ. 13(7-8):99-131. March-April 1937. "References", p.131.

Land Utilization

Cohee, M.H. The application of farm management data in farm planning. Soil Conservation 2(11):262-264. Máy 1937.

"Production can be maintained, farm organizations properly balanced, soil conserved by careful planning."

Johnson, S.E. Land use readjustments in the Northern Great Plains. Jour. Land & Pub. Economics 13(2):153-162. May 1937.

"The many maladjustments in land use in the Northern Great Plains are partly the result of continuing an outroded homestead policy which encouraged settlement of land unsuited to crop farming."

Kelso, M.M. Problems of the upper Pio Grande. U.S. Resettlement Admin. Land Use Planning Sec. Land Policy Circ. 3(5):19-22. June 1937.

Some preliminary reports on findings of the Inter-departmental Committee of the Rio Grande Valley. This committee was appointed to assemble material on land use conditions in this valley.

Russell, W.M. Development of land use adjustment projects. U.S. Resettlement Admin. Land Use Flanning Sec. Land Policy Circ. 3(5):10-14. June 1937.

Legumes

Neel, L.R. Third stage in American agriculture. Alfalfa and other legume crops aid in building and holding soil. South. Agriculturist 67(6):10. illus. June 1937.

The article states that the third stage in American agriculture is "that of soil building and conservation."

Terman, G.L. Legumes are important in the Kansas farming system. Kans. Agr. Student 16(3):76-78, illus. March 1937.

Includes map indicating, by counties, the percentage of crop acres devoted to the production of legumes.

Mapping

Carpenter, J.C. Application of maps to engineering practice. Civil Engin. 7(7):504-507, illus. July 1937.

Importance of maps to agriculture, particularly the Soil Conservation Service, quoted from statement made by C.W.Collier.

Haquinius, Eric. Air-mapping the Brazos river area. Civil Engin. 7(7):509-512, illus. July 1937.

Orchard Management

Batjer, L.P. Some suggestions for soil management in West Virginia. Mountaineer Grower 8(85):1-9. May 1937.

Address delivered before West Virginia Horticultural Society's 44th convention, Martinsburg, Feb. 11, 1937.

Discusses some of the aspects of soil management and fertilization in the established orchard and the relation of these factors to moisture conservation and the nutrition of the tree.

Soil and Sand Blowing

Aspleaf, H.D. South Dakotans control their soil. What is being done in Tripp county. The Farmer (Dakota ed.) 55(12):5,15, illus. June 5,1937. Control of soil blowing.

Markley, M.C. The problem of wind erosion. Northwest Miller 189:15,24. Mar. 31,1937.

Sears, P.B. 0, bury me not or, The bison avenged. New Republic 91(1171):7-10.
May 12,1937.

Author discusses the condition of the high plains or short grass country, where the "Dust Bowl" has its center, and the need for immediate intelligent action in this region.

Also in Conservation 3(3):38-40. Hay-June 1937.

These boys tackle even the sands of the sea. Oreg.Farmer 60(10):291,illus. May 13, 1937.

Article discusses the methods of controlling shifting sands from the sea which were destroying rich pastures in Clatsop county, Oregon.

Soil and Sand Blowing, Cont.

- Thompson, W.O. Original structures of beaches, bars and dunes. Bul.Geol.Soc. Amer. 48(6):723-751, illus. June 1,1937. Bibliographical footnotes.
- Tyler, M.C. Present work of the United States Beach erosion board. Shore and Beach 5(1):10-11. January 1937.
- Ward, H.B. Symposium at the Denver meeting on the control of drifting soils. Science n.s. 85(2213):514. May 28,1937.

"The general symposium arranged for the Denver meeting under joint auspices of the American Association and the Ecological Society of America deals with the important problem of 'The scientific aspects of the control of drifting soils'....Three speakers have been invited to discuss the geological, the biological and the present human phases of the question.

"'The Goological aspects of the drifting of soils' will be the topic of the first paper by Dr.M.M.Leighton, chief of the Illinois state geological survey...
'Climatic cycles and human populations' is the subject announced by Dr.F.E. Clements, of the Division of plant biology of the Carnegic institution of Washington... The final paper by H.H.Bennett, chief of the Soil Conservation Service, is entitled 'Emergency and permanent scientific control of wind crosion.'"

Weatherwax, H.E. Seashore park construction in North Carolina. Shore and Beach 5(1):12-14. January 1937.

Soil Conservation

- B., T.R. The new soil-conservation law tackles the dust bowl absentee owners. New Republic 91(1175)128. June 9,1937.
 - Indicates that general adoption of standard conservation district law is regarded "as a major victory" but "experts are pressing to have two further steps taken." One is "the coordination of federal, state and local governmental agencies." The other concerns absentee ownership.
- Hill, E.B. and Taylor, H.B. Land use and soil conservation practices in Mecosta county. Mich. Agr. Exp. Sta. Quart. Bul. 19(4): 207-212. May 1937.

Information obtained relative to soil conservation needs and practices on 78 farms in Wheatland and Sheridan Townships, Mecosta County, Michigan, in 1936.

- Hopkins, E.S. Soil conservation programs in the United States and Canada. Sci.Agr. 17(5): 265-269. January 1937.
- Long, A.P. Will planting. Quart. Jour. Forestry 31(1):17-26. January 1937. "The primary object of this paper is to consider some practical aspects of the afforestation of hill country..."
- Ries, V.H. New shrubs for bank plantings. Nature jagazine 29(6):338, illus. June 1937.

It is stated that the rockspray shrub, Cotoneaster horizontalis, has been found to winterkill in more northern latitudes and is being replaced with hardier varieties, such as Cotoneaster adpressa, Cotoneaster apiculata, and Cotoneaster dammeri radicans.

Soil Conservation, Cont.

Teutsch, W.L. Straw farming. Capper's Farmer 48(6):8, illus. June 1937.

"Increasing seriousness of the loss of soil from wind and water erosion has caused many wheat farmers of the Pacific Northwest to adopt 'straw farming' methods. Straw farming means careful preservation of the crop residue, straw and stubble, turning it down so as to leave it on or near the surface, adding organic matter to the soil, increasing moisture holding capacity and in substantial measure preventing the soil from washing or blowing...

"The approved 1937 fashion in summer fallow for the Pacific northwest is trashy fallow. It is as free from weeds as the old style fallow but it is

by no means free of 'trash.'"

Soil Erosion

Kuron, H. The significance of soil erosion investigation for general soil science. Soil Research 5(3):229-237. 1937.

"Literature," pp.236-237.

Summary: "The present paper gives a brief review of the points of view, from which quantitative investigations on soil erosion may have significance for general soil science. Such investigations are of interest chiefly in connection with problems relating to soil genesis, geochemistry, soil cartography, and soil assessment."

Article in German.

Richardson, E.G. The transport of soil and salts by running water. Internatl. Soc. Soil Sci. Proc. 12(1):8-9. 1937.

"This paper," presented at the meeting of the 6th Commission of the International Society of Soil Science, Zurich 1937, "forms a report on progress made by the author in studying the fundamental aspects of the erosion problem since the Congress at Oxford."

Soil Erosion. Foreign Countries

Chevalier, Aug. Lutte contre l'érosion et conservation de la fertilité des sols dans les plantations de caféiers. D'après G.H. Gethin-Jones. Rev. Bot. Appl. et Agr. Trop. 17(188): 292-293. April 1937.

Gorrie, R.M. The foothills grazing problem in India. Herbage Rev. 5(2):74-78, illus. June 1937.

"Processes of desiccation, deforestation and inevitable erosion can be seen by any intelligent observer on any train journey across India from north to

south or east to west." Much of this is due to grazing conditions.

Officers of the Funjab Government "are now working in areas where erosion has already reached an alarming stage and their work in the villages has been towards a combination of rotational grazing closures, and the reservation of hay-fields, with erosion control, torrent reclamation, stream training, and afforestation projects on a scale suitable to meet the needs of each village or group of villages."

Gorrie, R.M. Note on soil erosion in the Punjah. Indian Forester 63(3): 151-154. March 1937.

Soil Erosion. Foreign Countries, Cont.

Hornby, H.E. The control of animal diseases in relation to overstocking and soil crosion. Empire Jour. Expt. Agr. 5(18):143-154 p. April 1937.

"References:" p.154.

The author is Director of veterinary services, Tanganyika Territory, and he discusses the conditions in that section.

- Ringland, A.C. Watershed control in Italy. Soil Conservation 2(11):251,265, illus. May 1937.
- Schemes for soil-erosion control and water conservation. Farming So.Africa 12(133):169,171. April 1937.

Brief summary of schemes under which Government assistance is afforded for the control of soil erosion and the building of small dams for water conservation in South Africa.

Smith, D.E. Dust devils and dessication in West Africa. Met. Mag. [London] 72(856):83-85. May 1937.

"The dry harmattan from the Sahara is annually bringing a considerable amount of fine dust or sand into the West African colonies. The harmattan blows for nearly half the year... It is only in the north amongst the large sandy tracts of Northern Nigeria and French West Africa that we have the incubation grounds of sand storms and dust devils."

Stevenson, D.D. China's trees of the future. Amer. Forests 43(7):347-349, 366-367, illus. July 1937.

A report of a general survey of the interior of Kwangtung, China, a region which offers great possibilities for practical results from a program of land conservation.

Mention is made of the destructive effects of erosion and the need for reforestation on the hillsides to suit local conditions. It is suggested that where the soil is especially barren and in need of building up, legumes such as Ipil-ipil(Leucaena glauca), a fast-growing leguminous tree successfully established on the hillsides of Luzon in the Philippines, should be tried.

- Thorp, James. The soils of China. Asia 37(4):291-294, illus. April 1937. The crosion problem is discussed in a general way.
- Van Vuren, J.P.J. The problem of wind-eroded lands. Farming So.Africa 12 (132):108-109,125. March 1937.

Process, results and preventive measures in Orange Free State, South Africa.

Soil Moisture

- Bouyoucos, G.J. The dilatometer method for determining the moisture equivalent of soils. Soil Science 43(5):385-389. May 1937. "References": p.389.
- Dreier, John. The coordinated program for the southern high plains. U.S.Resettlement Admin.Land Use Planning Sec.Land Policy Circ. 3(5):15-18. June 1937.

Enumerates the important factors involved in a coordinated program for protective land use in the dust storm area.

Development of soil conservation districts in each state is indicated to be of the utmost importance.

Soil Moisture, Cont.

Puri, A.N. and Sarup, A. The use of collapsible tubes for storing soil samples for moisture estimation. Soil Science 43(5):375-376. May 1937.

Strip Cropping

Necl, L.R. Hillside farming without crosion. So. Agr. 67(7):6, illus. July 1937.

Through strip cropping the farm of L.A.Zimmerman of Madison County, N.C., was "changed from a destructive to a constructive type of farming which improves the soil each year."

Terracing

Charles, Tudor. The biggest complaint about terraces. Kans. Farmer 74(38):3, 23, illus. June 5, 1957.

Unsatisfactory outlets is cause of many complaints. Suggestions are given for handling run-off from terraced fields without damage.

"A new machine that may play a great part in the battle against soil erosion is described in a patent recently granted to Edgar V.Collins, Ames, Iowa."

Science n.s. 85(2214):15. June 4,1937.

This article describes a new machine that is claimed "will throw up in the rough 10 miles of erosion-checking terraces in one hour."

Steele, W.A. Terracing as easy as plowing. Farmers are using their own individual equipment at a big saving. Farm Machinery and Equipment 1842:12-13, illus. June 15,1957.

Advantages of individual farm equipment compared with "large outfits costing thousands of dollars."

Terracing cost figures are included.

Water Conservation

ied.

Forrest, T.C. Organizing for watershed development. Civil Engin. 7(7):490-493, illus. July 1937.

Outlines the objectives of the recently developed watershed district plan in Texas. Soil and water conservation are of major importance.

Head, Phil and Holloway, L.E. We went to Mexico to see the bolsas. U.S. Dept. Int. Off. Indian Aff. Indians at Work 4(20):10-15, illus. June 1,1937.

"The Spanish term 'Bolsa' means pocket. The water is literally run into a pocket and left there to soak into the ground, after which the ground is plowed and harrowed and well pulverized, and the seed planted. Fine corn, beans, and cotton are raised without any more water being used. If the crop is cultivated and the soil kept loose, the moisture does not evaporate."

Pritchett, J.W. Water resources of Texas. Civil Engin. 7(7): 462-466, illus. July 1937.

Outlines the general situation with regard to water supplies and explains the reasons which lcd the Texas legislature to adopt a policy of coordinated development of the entire watershed as a unit for each of the state's major streams.

Paper delivered on April 21,1937, before the San Antonio, Texas, meeting of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

Water Conservation, Cont.

Semple, A.T. and Allred, B.W. Range improvement by water spreading. Soil Conservation 2(12):269-270,288,illus. June 1937.

Article discusses how the owners of a ranch in the basin of the San Francisco Creek in southcastern Colorado have practiced soil and water conservation methods since 1910.

Whitney, D.J. More water from the forests. Calif. Cult. 84(11):384-385,401. May 22,1937;84(13):475. June 19,1937.

It is stated that the light burning of litter and underbrush in the forest regions would increase the amount of water for irrigation. A table is given which shows that the five largest streams entering the San Joaquin Valley from Fresno south have had a steady consistent drop in stream flow over a number of years.

Wildlife Management

Some interrelations of wildlife management and forest management. Hosley, N.W. Jour.Forestry 35(7):674-678. July 1937.

"Essentially the paper presented at the meeting of the New York section, Society of American Foresters, Albany, N.Y., February 8, 1936."

The author takes the position that, in general, the forest wildlife problem must be approached from the standpoint of maximum land use and that forestry plays an important part in this use.

Wallace, H.A. A product of the soil. As such, wildlife restoration is a problom of land management. Amer. Wildlife 26(2):21,27-28, illus. March-April 1937.

"Présented at the second North American Wildlife conference, St. Louis, Missouri, March 1-4, 1937."

BOOK AND PAMPHLET NOTES AND ABSTRACTS

Annotated bibliography of economic geology for 1936, v.9, no.1. [Lancaster, Fa.] January 1937. 241.65 An7 Prepared under the auspices of the Society of Economic Geologists.

Arkansas state planning board. Progress report...November 1936. illus. Little Rock, 1936. 280.7 Ar432P

The section devoted to soil erosion, pages 41-45, includes the following recommendations: that, (1) the state, through some suitable department or agency, avail itself of the facts and experience obtained by the United States Soil Conservation Service through its demonstration projects in Arkansas. (2) A long-term state-wide soil conservation program be evolved through the coopcration of individual farm operators.

Central northwest regional planning cormission. Report and recommendations ... on Great Plains area problems. 136 numb.1. [n.p.]1936. 280.7 C33

Prepared for National Resources Committee by direction of Charles W. Eliot,

2nd, executive officer.

"Recommendations of the South Dakota State Planning Board to the Emergency drouth conference called by the Central northwest regional planning commission, Rapid City, South Dakota, August 21-22, 1936. Revised November 15, 1936." Bibliography: leaf 133-136.

- Chase, Agnes. First book of grasses; the structure of grasses explained for beginners. Rev.ed., 125 pp., illus. San Antonio, Texas, 1937. 425.3 C38 1937.
- Culver, H.E. The geology of Washington. PartI. General features of Washington geology (to accompany the preliminary geologic map, 1936) Wash. Dept. Conserv. and Development. Div. Geol. Bull. 32. 70pp. Olympia, 1936. 406 W27 no. 32.
- Hall, 0.J. The problems of Arkansas' idle farm land. 10pp., mimeogr. [n.p.] 1936. 282 H14

Paper prepared for meeting of Forestry Section of Association of Southern

Agricultural Workers at Jackson, Mississippi, February 5, 1936.

"Southern farmers should be educated to realize that idle land is unproductive land which, in turn, increases overhead charges. When it is recalled that idle crop land may be used for soil improving crops, for pasture or for woodlands, the self-imposed burden of farmers carrying unproductive land appears inexcusable."

- Interstate committee on the Red River of the North drainage basin. Report...

 Dec.1,1936. 124 numb.1., mimeogr. [Minneapolis? Minn.] 1936. 292 In83

 Chapter headings arc: Physical characteristics; Climatology; Economic history, present status and trends; Water problems and water plan.
- Loningrad. Pochvennyi institut imeni V.V.Dokuchaeva. Erosiia pochv. 354pp., illus. Moskva, 1937. 56.7 L54

Bibliographies at end of most of the articles.

Russian text.

Subject is soil crosion.

Lyon, T.L. and Buckman, H.O. The nature and properties of soils; a college text of educhology.

3d ed., 302pp., illus. New York,
The Macmillan company, 1937.
56 L99N Ed. 3.

General style, arrangement and scope similar to preceding edition. Text largely rewritten in order to keep pace with progress of soil science. New developments introduced into this latest edition.

Subjects which formerly took up whole chapters have now been relegated to footnotes, while other material now occupying major positions, formerly was not mentioned.

Soils grouped on basis of scheme worked out by Glinka and other Russian workers, and adapted to this country by Dr. Marbut. Other inclusions are the newer concepts of ionic alkalinity, trace elements as fertilizers, artificial farm manure, and rapid tests for determining available nutrients in soils.

Montana state planning board. Staff report period ending Dec.31,1936. 87pp., illus., mimeogr. [Helena] 1936. 280.7 M763

National resources committee, Works progress administration cooperating. In this report are presented the problems which are considered to demand immediate attention with the possible solutions. Among them are problems connected with irrigation, water rights, range depletion, forest protection and wildlife.

There is also presented a digest of the information which has been collected covering the resources of the state.

New England regional planning commission. Connecticut river valley water resources bibliography. New England Reg. Planning Comm. Pub. 40, 134pp. Boston Mass., August 1936. 280.7 N44P no. 40.

The following subjects are included: Geology; Precipitation; Surface Waters;

New England regional planning commission, Cont.

Evaporation; Ground water; Water supply; Flood control.

There is also a list of bibliographies and indexes utilized in compiling the bibliography on pp.iii-v.

New York(State)Division of state planning State Planning Council. Annual report for the period ending June 30,1936. 95pp., illus. Albany, 1937. 280.7 N486 1935-36.

Water resources, pp.28-41.

Flood control, p.37.

Land use, pp.72-78.

Soil crosion, p.72.

Oregon state planning board. Water sources and watershed protection problems of Oregon municipalities. 26pp., maps, mineogr. [Portland, February 10, 1937] (Library of Congress TD224.07A5 1937)

A preliminary survey of sources of municipal water supplies and the problems of protecting municipal watersheds in Oregon. The report discusses the principal features and difficulties of these problems and suggests methods for their solution.

Maps showing Oregon's municipal water sources and watersheds are included.

Rogers, J. W. Geology of Highland county. Jhio Geol. Survey, 4th Ser. Bull. 38. 148pp., illus. Columbus, 1936. 406 Oh33B ser. 4, no. 38.

Orwin, C.S. What is good farming? A paper...read at the Agricultural conference of the Incorporated society of auctioneers and landed property agents at King's Lynn, 2nd September 1936. lpp. [King's Lynn? 1936] Reprint Collection, BAE.

"Reprinted, by permission, from the 'Incorporated auctioneers journal' v.K, no.116."

The author concludes that "good farming is not necessarily high farming, nor mixed farming, nor farming to a prescribed rotation, nor preserving grassland. It is any farming which maintains the cleanliness and the fertility of the land while enabling the farmer to pay his labour, to pay his rent and get the best possible living for himself."

Palestine. Department of agriculture and forests. Annual report...for the year ending March 1935. 200pp. Jerusalem, 1936. 22.5 Pl7 1934-35. Soil erosion and water run-off, pp. 108-109. Sand-drift, p. 109.

Pretoria. University. Faculty of agriculture. Grassland research committee. Progress report on soil crosion and grassland experiments. unpaged, mimeogr. [Pretoria] 1936. 60.1 P92.

The fellowing experiments are recorded: runoff and erosion; percolation; evaporation; and evapo-transpiration.

Russell, R.J., Howe, H.V., McGuirt, J.H. Dohm, C.F. and others. Lower Mississippi river delta. Reports on the geology of Plaquemines and St. Bernard Parishes. La. Dept. Conserv. Geol. Bull. 8. 455pp., illus. New Orleans, La., Nov. 1, 1936. 406 L932 no. 8

"This report is the first comprehensive study of the lower Mississippi delta."

"Bibliography," pp.279-320.

South Africa, Union of Department of Agriculture and Forestry. Annual report... for the year ending 31 August 1936. 618pp., illus. Pretoria, 1936. 24 So84 1935-36

Soil erosion control, pp. 498-499.

Drift sands, pp. 499-500.

Pasture research and veld management, pp. 500-501.

Protection of catchment areas, p. 501.

South Dakota state planning board. Recommendations...to the Emergency drouth conference called by the Central northwest regional planning commission, Rapid City, South Dakota, August 21-22, 1936. Revised November 15, 1936. 14 1., mimeogr. [Brookings, 1936] 280.7 So82Re.

Includes recommendations on soil and water conservation.

This report is Part III of Central northwest regional planning commission on Great Plains area problems. Report and Recommendations (280.7 C33)

Topham, P. and Townsend, R.G.R. Forestry and soil conservation in Myasaland. Oxford Univ. Imperial Forestry Inst. Inst. Paper 5. 21pp., illus., mimeogr. Oxford, 1937. 99.9 0x23 no.5

Summary: "Notes of three lectures by P.Topham give a general account of forest conditions and policy in Nyasaland, and those of a lecture by R.G.R. Townsend describe the development of a communal forest scheme for the establishment of village forest areas. An appendix contains a memorandum, by the Native Welfare Committee, on Land Control and Development indicating the need for cooperative measures by all Government Departments concerned for soil conservation and the improvement of agricultural methods."

Topham, P. Notes on soil erosion in the United States. Oxford Univ. Imperial Forestry Inst. Inst. Paper no.8. 29pp., illus., mimeogr. Oxford, 1937. 99.9 0x23 no. 8

A report on a tour made in January and February, 1937, with the aid of a grant from the Carnegie Corporation, of New York.

The following districts were visited: -The Piedmont district of North and South Carolina, parts of the state of Mississippi, eastern Texas and the Tennesee valley.

Van Dersal, W.R. The dependence of soils on animal life. [8 pp.] New York, National Association of Audubon, Societies [1937] Reprint Coll. "Bibliography," pp.7-8.

Presented before the Second North American Wildlife Conference, March 1-4, 1937 at St. Louis, Missouri.

"It is quite safe to say that no solution of the problem of erosion control can be adequate which does not take into account the fundamental relations between the soil and its fauna."

Vietinghoff von Riesch, Arnold, freiherr von. Naturschutz, eine nationalpolitische kulturaufgabe. 148pp., illus. Neudamm, J. Neumann, 1936. 279 V67

"Something new under the sun is worth notice, even when it grows in foreign parts. When that something grows in a forest, and its like is not to be found in our own woods, it may be doubly worth the notice of American foresters.

"Such a thing...is Baron Vietinghoff's 'Conservation and Culture'(free translation). In this booklet he attempts to analyze and synthesize the clashing ideas which beset the modern worlds in the fields of economics, philosophy, nationalism and land-use...

"Vietinghoff's basic thesis is an economic and aesthetic symbiosis between men and land. In this, he thinks, lies the only escape from the contradictions

Vietinghoff von Riesch, Arnold, freiherz von, Cont.

now visible in 'the conquest of nature,'...It might be said that he forecasts
the dominance of an ecological as against a zoological concept of our status
on the earth..."--From review by Aldo Leopold in Journal of Forestry 35(1):
87-88. January 1937.

Virginia state planning board. Report v.IV-A.Land use and agriculture, sections 1 and 2. 132pp., maps, mimeogr. n.p., May 1,1937. 280.7 V81 v.4-A

The soil erosion problem, pp. 44-54.

Includes Virginia state planning board map - IX-4-1. Reconnaissance erosion

Includes Virginia state planning board map - IX-4-1. Reconnaissance erosion survey of the state of Virginia.

Wisconsin university. The university and conservation of Wisconsin waters. Wisc. Univ. Science Inquiry Pub. II. 79pp., illus. Madison, November 1936. 330.9 W75 no.2

Issued as Bulletin of the University of Wisconsin serial no.2193, General series no.1977.

"The purposes of this bulletin are (1) to outline the problem of water conservation, both in the sense of stopping wasteful processes and in the sense of promoting their fuller use and enjoyment, (2) to indicate the nature and variety of research needed, and (3) to show what facilities for study are available at the University to students of water resources,"

STATE PUBLICATIONS

Iowa

Brown, P.E. Soils of Iowa. Iowa Agr. Exp. Sta. Spec. Rpt. 3. 26lpp., illus. Ames, Iowa, November 1936. 100 Io9Sp no. 3

"In this report there have been gathered together from all surveys, and particularly the individual county reports, all the facts regarding the soils of the state that have been obtained in the survey and soil studies."

Missouri

Clark, M.W. Farm ponds in Missouri. 1lpp., illus. Mo.Col.Agr.Ext.Circ.351. Columbia, August 1936. 275.29 M69C no.351.

Llontana

Bell, M.A. The effect of tillage method, crop sequence, and date of seeding upon the yield and quality of cereals and other crops grown under dry-land conditions in north-central Montana. Mont. Agr. Exp. Sta. Bull. 336. 118pp., illus. Bozeman, February 1937. 100 M76[b] no. 336.

"Literature cited," p. 92.

Soil moisture studies, pp.85-90.

Wisconsin

Wisconsin. Agricultural experiment station. Findings in farm science from Wisconsin's proving grounds. Annual report of the director 1935-36. Wisc. Agr. Exp. Sta. Bull. 438. 168 pp., Illus. Madison, March 1937. 100 W75[b] no. 438 Factors affecting erosion measured by La Crosse station, pp. 27-35.

U.S. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS

Dept. of Agriculture

Bacon, S.R., Hayes, F.A. and Nieschmidt, E.A. Soil survey of Greeley county, Nebraska. U.S. Bur. Chem. and Soils, series 1933, no.4. 36pp., map. March 1937. 1 So32F 1933, no.4.

In cooperation with the University of Nebraska State Soil Survey Department of the Conservation and Survey Division.

- Barnes, F.F. Advance report on the sedimentation survey of Lay reservoir, Clanton, Alabama, January 27-July 24, 1936. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. Div. Res. Sedimentation Studies SCS-SS-13. 13 numb.l., illus., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., May 1937. 1.96 R31r no.13
- Beck, M.W., Higbee, H.W. and Marshall, R.M. Soil survey of Cass county, Texas. U.S. Bur. Chem. and Soils, series 1933, no.3. 30pp., maps. February 1937. 1 So32F 1933, no.3.

In cooperation with the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station.

- Dreier, John. Education in area land use planning. A resume of some educational activities in the regional Resettlement administration at Amarillo, Texas. U.S. Resettlement Admin.Div.of Land Util. Land Use Planning Sect.Land Policy Circ.3(4):17-24. May 1937.
- Foster, Z.C., Veatch, J.O. and Schoenmann, L.R. Soil survey of Iron county, Michigan.
 U.S. Bur. Chem. and Soils, series 1930, no. 46.
 29pp., maps. March 1937.

In cooperation with the Michigan Agricultural Experiment Station and the Michigan Department of Conservation.

Free, G.R. and Musgrave, G.W. A preliminary report of an infiltration study of some Piedmont and coastal plain soils. U.S. Soil Conserv. Scrv. SCS-TP-13. 8 numb.l., mineogr. Washington, D.C. May 1937. 1.98 R31P.

"These considerations give rise to the possibility that on the soils with high infiltration rates wider spacings of terraces may be used, that outlet ditches may be constructed to care for a lesser volume of water, that wider intervals in strip cropping are practicable, and that, in general, treatments to control erosion and run-off may be less vigorous provided rainfall, vegetative cover, degree of slope, and similar factors are the same as on soils with lower infiltration rates."

Glymph, L.M., Jr. and Jones, V.H. Advance report on the sedimentation survey of Lake Calhoun, Galva, Illinois, July 23-August 6,1936. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. Div.Res. Sedimentation Studies SCS-SS-16. 9 numb.l., illus., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., May 1937. 1.96 R31R no.16.

In cooperation with Illinois Agricultural Experiment Station and Illinois Department of Registration, Water Survey Division.

Glymph, L.M., Jr. and Jonés, V.H. Advance report on the sedimentation survey of Lake Decatur, Decatur, Illinois, April 8-July 3,1936. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. Div.Research. Sedimentation Studies SCS-SS-12. 23pp., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., April 1937. 1.96 R31R SCS-SS-12. "Literature cited," p.23.

- Gregg, W.R. The application of meteorology to hydrologic problems. Address... by Chief, Weather Bureau, before the Society of American Military Engineers... February 15, 1937. 6pp., mimcogr. [Washington, D.C.] 1937. 1.9 W37Ap. Issued by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture.
- Jones, V.H. Advance report on the sedimentation survey of Lake Bracken, Galesburg, Illinois, July 9-August 15,1936. U.S.Soil Conserv.Serv.Div.Rés.Sedimentation Studies SCS-SS-14. 9 numb.l., illus., mimcegr. Washington, D.C., May 1937. 1.96 R31R no.14.

In cooperation with Illinois Agricultural Experiment Station and Illinois Department of Registration, Water Survey Division.

Jones, V.H. Advance report on the sedimentation survey of West Frankfort reservoir, West Frankfort, Illinois, August 19-September 12,1936. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. Div. Rés. Sedimentation Studies SCS-SS-15. 9 numb.l., illus., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., May 1937. 1.96 R31R no.15

In cooperation with Illinois Agricultural Experiment Station and Illinois Department of Registration, Water Survey Division.

Latimer, W. J., Diebold, C. H., Secor, Wilber, Mead, C. P. and Howard, Montague, Jr. Soil survey of Rensselaer county, New York. U.S. Bur. Chem. and Soils, series 1932, no.15. 70pp., map. March 1937. 1 So32F 1932, no.15.

In cooperation with the Cornell University Agricultural Experiment Station. "Literature cited," p.70.

Lec, W.D., Hayes, F.A., Bacon, S.R. and Germell, R.L. Soil survey of Rock county, Nebraska. U.S.Bur.Chem.and Soils, series 132, no.16. 40 pp., maps. February 1937. 1 So32F 1932, no.16.

In cooperation with the University of Nebraska State Soil Survey Department of the Conservation and Survey Division.

Lowdermilk, W.C. Water intake of saturated soils. 18 numb.1., mimeogr. [Washington, D.C., 1937] 1.96 Ad63

Paper given for Section of Hydrology, American Geophysical Union meeting on April 29,1937, Washington, D.C.

"Literature cited," page [18]

Issued by the U.S. Soil Conservation Service.

Musgrave, G.W. and Norton, R.A. Soil and water conservation investigations at the Soil conservation experiment station, Missouri valley loss region, Clárinda, Iowa. Progress report 1931-35. U.S. Dept. Agr. Tech. Bull. 558. 182pp., illus. February 1937. 1 Ag84T no. 558.

"This is perhaps the first report of a continuous series of experiments on the measurement of soil and water losses from specific field conditions."

Included is information and descriptive data on the following: soil-moisture, effect of organic matter upon run-off and erosion and upon the renewal of fertility in eroded soils; effect of length of slope and direction of row; canopy interception; infiltration; surface impounding; vapor losses; surface run-off; strip cropping and terracing.

Literature cited, p. 134.

Simmons, C.S., Kunkel, D.R. and Ulrich, H.P. Soil survey of Rush county, Indiana. U.S. Bur: Chem. and Soils, series 1930, no. 44. 36pp., map. March 1937. 1 So32F, 1930, no. 44

In cooperation with the Purdue University Agricultural Experiment Station.

- Slentz, H.I. Recent trend toward diversified farming in southern cotton areas. U.S.Resettlement Admin. Land Util. Div. Land Use Planning Section. Land Use Planning Pub. 17. 9pp., mimcogr. Washington, D.C., March 1937. 1.95 L224 no.17. Consideration is given to the significance of diversification practices in maintaining soil productivity.
- U.S.Agricultural adjustment administration. Western division. Conservation of the western range. U.S.Agr.Adj.Admin.WR-Leaflet 103. 11pp.,illus. [Washington, D.C., 1937] 1.42 W52L no.103.
- U.S.Department of agriculture. The farmer looks ahead. Four yardsticks for measuring future farm production: Domestic consumption; foreign demand; soil conservation; farm income. U.S.Dept.Agr.Farmers! Bull.1774. 16pp., illus. May 1937. 1 Ag84F no.1774.

Prepared by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

"This bulletin is based on results of a study in connection with the outlook service provided by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Assistance was provided by staff members of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, the Soil Conservation Service and the Resettlement Administration in collecting and analyzing material for this bulletin."

The yardstick of soil conservation, pp.9-12.

- U.S.Forest service. Helping to control floods at their source. 5 parts, mimcogr. [Washington, D.C.] 1937. 1.9 F76Red
 - Parts 1,3,5 a radio discussion among F.A. Silcox, chief, Forest sérvice, H.H. Bennett, chief, Soil conservation service, and Milton S. Eisenhower, director of Information Department of agriculture. Parts 2,4 a radio discussion among F.A. Silcox... Dillon S. Myer, Soil conservation service, and Milton S. Eisenhower.

Broadcast during Mational Farm and Home Hour by the Mational Broadcasting Company on Feb. 9, 23, 25, March 5, 12, 1937.

U.S. Forest experiment station, Southern, New Orleans, La. Sixteenth annual report, Jan. 1, 1936 - Dec. 31, 1936. 43pp., mimeogr. New Orleans [1937] 1.9 F7624 16th 1936.

Announces plans for experimentation in the use of timber on watersheds and the regulation of stream flow to curb floods and soil erosion.

- U.S. Dureau of plant industry.Division of cereal crops and diseases. A popular reference list on weeds and weed control. 4pp., mimcogr. Washington, D.C., January 20,1936. 1.9 P6917Pop
 Compiled by L.W.Kephart.
- Upstream engineering conference, Washington, D.C., 1936. Headwaters control and use. A summary of fundamental principles and their application in the conservation and utilization of waters and soils throughout headwater areas. Papers presented at the ... conference held in Washington, D.C., September 22 and 23, 1936. 261pp., illus. Washington, D.C., April 1937. 1 Ag84H

Published by Soil Conservation Service and Forest Service of the United States Department of Agriculture with the cooperation of Rural Electrifica-

tion Administration.

Partial contents: Basic principles of water behavior, by Therndike Saville, pp.1-10; Surface run-off control, by R.E. Horton, pp.16-41; Giving a real significance to hydrologic research on small areas, by Merrill Bernard, pp.50-75; Influence of vegetation on land-water relationships, by Isaiah Bowman, pp.76-94;

Upstream engineering conference, Washington, D.C., 1936, Cont.

Management and use of agricultural lands including farm woods and pastures,
by H.H.Bennett, pp.120-143; Control and use of small streams, by G.D.Clyde, pp.
158-169; Spreading water over absorptive areas for storage underground, by A.T.
Mitchelson, pp.184-186; Relationships of animal life to land and water resources,
by C.L.Forsling, pp.195-194; Influence of animal life on soil and water conservation, by E.G.Holt, pp.197-198; Control and use of little waters in France, by M.A.
Magnein, pp.227-232.

Sclocted bibliography for non-professional readers, Appendix 6,pp.259-261.

Wallace, H.A. The land in flood control. Address...at the 62nd annual meeting of the American Forestry Association, Cincinnati, Ohio, May 31, 1937... llpp., mimcogr. Washington, D.C., 1937. 1.9 Ag8636

Wallace, H.A. Sand on the march. Remarks of ... Secretary of Agriculture, broad-cast in the National Farm and Home Hour, April 27, 1937... 5pp., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., 1937. 1.9 Ag8636
Issued by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture.

Miscellaneous

Allred, C.E., Atkins, S.W. and Raskopf, B.D. Geology, topography, soils. U.S. Works Progress Admin. Monograph 38. 21pp., mimeogr. Knoxville, Tenn., May 5, 1937. 173.2 W89Co no.38

Issued by Agricultural Economics and Rural Sociology Department. College of Agriculture. University of Tennessee.

Bibliography, p.20.

Chapter I of "Human and Physical Resources of Tennessee."

Allred, C.E., Heskaug, S.R., and Hendrix, W.E. How the Swiss farmers operate on the Cumberland plateau. U.S. Works Progress Admin. Monograph 33. 30pp., illus., mimeogr. Knoxville, Tenn., April 1, 1937. 173.2 W89Co no.33.

Issued by Agricultural Economics and Rural Sociology Department, Agricultural Experiment Station, University of Tennessee.

Bibliography, p.28.

"This is a study of a group of sixteen farms operated by Swiss farmers, near Gruetli, Grundy county, Tennessee."

Details are presented concerning type of farming and farm practices including soil improving practices.

Cronin, F.D. and Beers, H.W. Areas of intense drought distress, 1930-1936. U.S. Works Progress Admin. Div. Soc. Res. Res. Bull. series V, no. 1. 54pp., illus., processed. Washington, January 1937. 173.2 W89 Ref no. 1.

Propared under the supervision of T.J.Woofter, Jr., Rural Research Section, Division of Social Research, Works Progress Administration and Carl C. Taylor, in charge Division of Farm Population and Rural Life, Bureau of Agricultural Economics and Social Research for the Resettlement Administration.

"The present bulletin[which is concerned with the human aspects of the problem] is a preliminary effort to delineate areas of varying degrees of drought intensity and to select carefully defined sections as the basis for further study. It is the first of a series of three reports and will be followed shortly by one on the population of this mideontinent drought area, describing the population shifts caused by unpredictable natural forces, and by another giving a brief history of relief..."

- Grover, N.C., Lamb, W.A., Newell, T.R. and Parker, G.L. Surface water supply of the United States 1935. Part 12. Pacific slope basins in Washington and upper Columbia river basins. U.S. Gool. Survey. Water Supply Paper 792. 166pp., tables. Washington, D.C., 1937. 407 G29W no. 792

 Stream flow measurements.
- Inter-agency range survey committee. Instructions for range surveys as formulated by the Inter-agency range survey committee and adopted by the Western range survey conference April 24,1937. 30pp.,mimeogr. [Washington, D.C., 1937] 173 In82
- Kylie, H.R., Hieronymus, G.H. and Hall, A.G. CCC forestry, 335pp., illus. Washington, U.S. Govt. print. off., 1937. 173.2 C76C

"This manual of forestry and forest work is intended to serve as an aid to both the instructional and learning phases of Civilian Conservation Corps education."

The following subjects are covered: Forest values, conservation, protection, reproduction, systems of timber management, utilization, mensuration, lumbering, wildlife management, range management, forest engineering, recreation and the work of forestry.

Sayre, A.N. Geology and ground-water resources of Duval county, Texas. U.S. Geol. Survey. Water Supply Paper 776. 116pp., illus. Washington, D.C., 1937. 407 G29W no. 776.

Prepared in cooperation with the Texas State Board of Water Engineers.

- U.S. Congress. House, Committee on appropriations. Agricultural department appropriation bill for 1938. Hearings...seventy-fifth congress, first session... 1817pp. Washington, D.C., 1937. 1 Ag81Mes 1938.

 Soil conservation service, pp. 1027-1176.
- U.S. Congress. House. Committee on labor. To make the Civilian conservation corps a permanent agency. Hearings... seventy-fifth congress, first session on H.R. 6180, April 14 and 15, 1937. 114pp. Washington, D.C., 1937. 279.2 Un3
- U.S. National resources committee: Drainage basin problems and programs. 540pp., illus. Washington, D.C., 1937. 173,2 N214Dr

Report of studies undertaken by the Water Resources Committee early in 1936 with the following objectives: (1) To determine the principal water problems in the various drainage areas of the country; (2) To outline an integrated pattern of water development and control designed to solve those problems; and (3) To present specific construction projects and investigation projects as clements of the integrated pattern or plan, with priorities of importance and time.

FINIS

